

Affected Policy Language

1.2 Definitions

Allocation MELD or PELD Score

The highest exception or calculated MELD or PELD score available to the candidate according to Policy. Allocation MELD or PELD Score includes liver-intestine points.

Calculated MELD or PELD Score

The highest non-exception MELD or PELD score available to the candidate according to Policy. Calculated MELD or PELD score excludes liver-intestine points.

Geographical Area

A physical area used to group potential transplant recipients in a classification.

Match MELD or PELD Score

The MELD or PELD score available to the candidate at the time of the match for a deceased donor liver or liver-intestine.

Region

For administrative purposes, OPTN membership is divided into 11 geographic regions. Members belong to the Region in which they are located. The Regions are as follows:

- Region 1: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Eastern Vermont
- Region 2: Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and the part of Northern Virginia in the Donation Service Area served by the Washington Regional Transplant Community (DCTC) OPO.
- Region 3: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Puerto Rico
- Region 4: Oklahoma and Texas
- Region 5: Arizona, California, Nevada, New Mexico, and Utah
- Region 6: Alaska, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, and Washington
- Region 7: Illinois, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wisconsin
- Region 8: Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, and Wyoming
- Region 9: New York and Western Vermont
- Region 10: Indiana, Michigan, and Ohio
- Region 11: Kentucky, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia

1.3 Variances

1.3.A Acceptable Variances

Permissible variances include, but are not limited to:

- Alternative allocation systems
- Alternative local units
- Sharing arrangements
- Alternative point assignment systems

The following principles apply to *all* variances:

1. Variances must comply with the NOTA and the Final Rule.
2. Members participating in a variance must follow all rules and requirements of the OPTN Policies and Bylaws.

3. If the Board later amends an OPTN Policy to contradict with a variance, the Policy amendment will not affect the existing variance.
4. If a member's application to create, amend, or join a variance will require other members to join the variance, the applicant must solicit their support.
5. The Board of Directors may extend, amend, or terminate a variance at any time.

1.4.E OPTN Computer Match Program Outages

If the OPTN Contractor and members cannot communicate by any method and the OPTN computer match program is either not accessible or not operational, affected OPOs:

1. Must refer to recent matches of similar blood type and body size for ranking transplant candidates.
2. Must use transplant program waiting lists to match the best organ with waiting transplant candidates.
3. Must document and report to the OPTN Contractor their process for allocation during the outage.

5.4.B Order of Allocation

The process to allocate deceased donor organs occurs with these steps:

1. The match system eliminates candidates who cannot accept the deceased donor based on size or blood type.
2. The match system ranks candidates according to the allocation sequences in the organ allocation policies.
3. OPOs must first offer organs to potential recipients in the order that the potential recipients appear on a match run.
4. If no transplant program on the initial match run accepts the organ, the host OPO may give transplant programs the opportunity to update candidates' data with the OPTN Contractor. The host OPO must re-execute the match run to allocate the organ.
6. Extra vessels allocated with an organ but not required for its transplant can be shared according to *Policy 16.6.A: Extra Vessels Use and Sharing*.
7. Members may export deceased donor organs to hospitals in foreign countries only after offering these organs to all potential recipients on the match run. Members must submit the *Organ Export Verification Form* to the OPTN Contractor prior to exporting deceased donor organs.

5.10.C Other Multi-Organ Combinations

When multi-organ candidates are registered on the heart, lung, or liver waiting list, the second required organ will be allocated to the multi-organ candidate from the same donor according to *Table 5-4* below:

Table 5-4: Allocation of Multi-Organ Combinations

Organ	Candidate is registered within the following geographical area:
Heart	Same DSA as the donor hospital
Liver	150 nautical miles from the donor hospital
Lung	250 nautical miles from the donor hospital

If the multi-organ candidate is on a waiting list outside the geographical areas listed above, it is permissible to allocate the second organ to the multi-organ candidate receiving the first organ.

7.3.B Allocation of Intestines

Intestines are allocated to candidates according to *Table 7-1* below.

Table 7-1: Allocation of Intestines

Classification	Candidates registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Who are:
1	500nm of the donor hospital	Status 1 and a blood type identical to the donor
2	500nm of the donor hospital	Status 1 and a blood type compatible with the donor
3	Nation	Status 1 and a blood type identical to the donor
4	Nation	Status 1 and a blood type compatible with the donor
5	500nm of the donor hospital	Status 2 and a blood type identical to the donor
6	500nm of the donor hospital	Status 2 and a blood type compatible with the donor
7	Nation	Status 2 and a blood type identical to the donor
8	Nation	Status 2 and a blood type compatible with the donor

Policy 9: Allocation of Livers and Liver-Intestines

9.1 Status and Score Assignments

Each liver transplant candidate is assigned a score that reflects the probability of death within a 3-month period as determined by the Model for End-Stage Liver Disease (MELD) scoring system or the Pediatric End Stage Liver Disease (PELD) scoring system. Liver candidates can also be assigned a priority status if the candidate meets the requirements for that status.

Liver candidates at least 18 years old at the time of registration may be assigned *any* of the following:

- Adult status 1A
- Calculated MELD score
- Exception MELD score
- Inactive status

Liver candidates less than 18 years old at the time of registration may be assigned *any* of the following:

- Pediatric status 1A
- Pediatric status 1B
- Calculated MELD or PELD score
- Exception MELD or PELD score
- Inactive status

Liver candidates less than 18 years old at the time of registration, who remain on the waiting list after turning

18 years old, will be classified as a 12 to 17 year old for the purposes of allocation in:

- *Policy 9.8.F: Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors 11 to 17 Years Old*
- *Policy 9.8.G: Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors Less than 11 Years Old*
- *Policy 9.8.K: Allocation of Liver-Intestines from Non-DCD Donors Less than 11 Years Old*

If the candidate is removed from the waiting list at any time and returns to the waiting list after turning 18 years old, the candidate must then be registered as an adult.

9.1.A Adult Status 1A Requirements

To assign a candidate adult status 1A, the candidate's transplant hospital must submit a *Liver Status 1A Justification Form* to the OPTN Contractor. A candidate is not registered as status 1A until this form is submitted. When reporting laboratory values to the OPTN Contractor, transplant hospitals must submit the most recent results including the dates of the laboratory tests.

The candidate's transplant program may assign the candidate adult status 1A if *all* the following conditions are met:

1. The candidate is at least 18 years old at the time of registration
2. The candidate has a life expectancy without a liver transplant of less than 7 days and has at least *one* of the following conditions:
 - a. Fulminant liver failure, without pre-existing liver disease and currently in the intensive care unit (ICU), defined as the onset of hepatic encephalopathy within 56 days of the first signs or symptoms of liver disease, and has at least *one* of the following criteria:
 - i. Is ventilator dependent
 - ii. Requires dialysis, continuous veno-venous hemofiltration (CVVH), or continuous veno-venous hemodialysis (CVVHD)
 - iii. Has an international normalized ratio (INR) greater than 2.0
 - b. Anhepatic
 - c. Primary non-function of a transplanted whole liver within 7 days of transplant, with aspartate aminotransferase (AST) greater than or equal to 3,000 U/L and at least *one* of the following:
 - International normalized ratio (INR) greater than or equal to 2.5
 - Arterial pH less than or equal to 7.30
 - Venous pH less than or equal to 7.25
 - Lactate greater than or equal to 4 mmol/L

All laboratory results reported for the tests required above must be from the same blood draw taken 24 hours to 7 days after the transplant.
 - d. Primary non-function within 7-days of transplant of a transplanted liver segment from a deceased or living donor, evidenced by at least *one* of the following:
 - INR greater than or equal to 2.5
 - Arterial pH less than or equal to 7.30
 - Venous pH less than or equal to 7.25
 - Lactate greater than or equal to 4 mmol/L
 - e. Hepatic artery thrombosis (HAT) within 7-days of transplant, with AST greater than or equal to 3,000 U/L and at least *one* of the following:
 - INR greater than or equal to 2.5
 - Arterial pH less than or equal to 7.30
 - Venous pH less than or equal to 7.25

- Lactate greater than or equal to 4 mmol/L

All laboratory results reported for the tests required above must be from the same blood draw taken 24 hours to 7 days after the transplant.

- f. Acute decompensated Wilson's disease

9.1.B Pediatric Status 1A Requirements

To assign a candidate pediatric status 1A, the candidate's transplant hospital must submit a *Liver Status 1A Justification Form* to the OPTN Contractor. A candidate is not assigned pediatric status 1A until this form is submitted.

The candidate's transplant program may assign the candidate pediatric status 1A if *all* the following conditions are met:

1. The candidate is less than 18 years old at the time of registration. This includes candidates less than 18 years old at the time of registration, who remain on the waiting list after turning 18 years old, but does not include candidates removed from the waiting list at any time who then return to the waiting list after turning 18 years old.
2. The candidate has at least *one* of the following conditions:
 - a. Fulminant liver failure without pre-existing liver disease, defined as the onset of hepatic encephalopathy within 56 days of the first signs and symptoms of liver disease and has at least *one* of the following criteria:
 - i. Is ventilator dependent
 - ii. Requires dialysis, continuous veno-venous hemofiltration (CVVH), or continuous veno-venous hemodialysis (CVVHD)
 - iii. Has an international normalized ratio (INR) greater than 2.0
 - b. Diagnosis of primary non-function of a transplanted liver within 7 days of transplant, evidenced by at least *two* of the following:
 - i. Alanine aminotransferase (ALT) greater than or equal to 2,000 U/L
 - ii. INR greater than or equal to 2.5
 - iii. Total bilirubin greater than or equal to 10 mg/dL
 - iv. Acidosis, defined as *one* of the following:
 - Arterial pH less than or equal to 7.30
 - Venous pH less than or equal to 7.25
 - Lactate greater than or equal to 4 mmol/L

All laboratory results reported for any tests required for the primary non-function of a transplanted liver diagnosis above must be from the same blood draw taken between 24 hours and 7 days after the transplant.

- c. Diagnosis of hepatic artery thrombosis (HAT) in a transplanted liver within 14 days of transplant
- d. Acute decompensated Wilson's disease

9.1.C Pediatric Status 1B Requirements

To assign a candidate pediatric status 1B, the candidate's transplant hospital must submit a *Liver Status 1B Justification Form* to the OPTN Contractor. A candidate is not registered as status 1B until this form is submitted.

The candidate's transplant program may assign the candidate pediatric status 1B if *all* the following conditions are met:

1. The candidate is less than 18 years old at the time of registration. This includes candidates less than 18 years old at the time of registration, who remain on the waiting list after turning 18 years old, but does not include candidates removed from the waiting list at any time who then return to the waiting list after turning 18 years old.
2. The candidate has *one* of the following conditions:
 - a. The candidate has a biopsy-proven hepatoblastoma without evidence of metastatic disease.
 - b. The candidate has an organic acidemia or urea cycle defect and an approved MELD or PELD exception meeting standard criteria for metabolic disease for at least 30 days.
 - c. Chronic liver disease with a calculated MELD or PELD greater than 25, and has at least *one* of the following criteria:
 - i. Is on a mechanical ventilator
 - ii. Has gastrointestinal bleeding requiring at least 30 mL/kg of red blood cell replacement within the previous 24 hours
 - iii. Has renal failure or renal insufficiency requiring dialysis, continuous veno-venous hemofiltration (CVVH), or continuous veno-venous hemodialysis (CVVHD)
 - iv. Has a Glasgow coma score (GCS) less than 10 within 48 hours before the status 1B assignment or extension.
 - d. Chronic liver disease and is a combined liver-intestine candidate with an adjusted MELD or PELD score greater than 25 according to *Policy 9.1.F: Liver-Intestine Candidates* and has at least *one* of the following criteria:
 - i. Is on a mechanical ventilator
 - ii. Has gastrointestinal bleeding requiring at least 10 mL/kg of red blood cell replacement within the previous 24 hours
 - iii. Has renal failure or renal insufficiency requiring dialysis, continuous veno-venous hemofiltration (CVVH), or continuous veno-venous hemodialysis (CVVHD)
 - iv. Has a Glasgow coma score (GCS) less than 10 within 48 hours before the status 1B assignment or extension.

9.1.D MELD Score

Candidates who are at least 12 years old receive an initial MELD_(i) score equal to: $0.957 \times \text{Log}_e(\text{creatinine mg/dL}) + 0.378 \times \text{Log}_e(\text{bilirubin mg/dL}) + 1.120 \times \text{Log}_e(\text{INR}) + 0.643$

Laboratory values less than 1.0 will be set to 1.0 when calculating a candidate's MELD score.

The following candidates will receive a creatinine value of 4.0 mg/dL:

- Candidates with a creatinine value greater than 4.0 mg/dL
- Candidates who received two or more dialysis treatments within the prior 7 days
- Candidates who received 24 hours of continuous veno-venous hemodialysis (CVVHD) within the prior 7 days

The maximum MELD score is 40. The MELD score derived from this calculation will be rounded to the tenth decimal place and then multiplied by 10.

For candidates with an initial MELD score greater than 11, the MELD score is then re-calculated as follows:

$$\text{MELD} = \text{MELD}_{(i)} + 1.32 \cdot (137 - \text{Na}) - [0.033 \cdot \text{MELD}_{(i)} \cdot (137 - \text{Na})]$$

Sodium values less than 125 mmol/L will be set to 125, and values greater than 137 mmol/L will be set to 137.

9.1.E PELD Score

Candidates who are less than 12 years old receive a PELD score equal to:

$$0.436 (\text{Age} (<1 \text{ YR.})) - 0.687 \times \text{Log}_e (\text{albumin g/dL}) + 0.480 \times \text{Log}_e (\text{total bilirubin mg/dL}) + 1.857 \times \text{Log}_e (\text{INR}) + 0.667 (\text{Growth failure} (<- 2 \text{ Std. Deviations present}))$$

The PELD score derived from this calculation will be rounded to the tenth decimal place and then multiplied by 10.

Scores for candidates registered for liver transplantation before the candidate's first birthday continue to include the value of 0.436 until the candidate is 24 months old.

Laboratory values less than 1.0 will be set to 1.0 when calculating a candidate's PELD score.

A candidate has growth failure if the candidate is more than two standard deviations below the candidate's expected growth based on age and gender using the most recent Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics pediatric clinical growth chart.

9.1.F Liver-Intestine Candidates

Adult liver candidates who are also registered and active on the waiting list for an intestine transplant at that transplant hospital will automatically receive an additional increase in their MELD or PELD score equivalent to a 10 percentage point increase in risk of 3-month mortality. Candidates less than 18 years old will receive 23 additional points to their calculated MELD or PELD score instead of the 10 percentage point increase. The transplant hospital must document in the candidate's medical record the medical justification for the combined liver-intestine transplant and that the transplant was completed.

9.2 Status and Laboratory Values Update Schedule

The OPTN Contractor will notify the transplant hospital within 2 days of the deadline for recertification when a candidate's laboratory values need to be updated. Transplant hospitals must recertify a candidate's values according to *Table 9-1*.

When reporting laboratory values to the OPTN Contractor, transplant hospitals must submit the most recent results including the dates of the laboratory tests. In order to change a MELD or PELD score voluntarily, all laboratory values must be obtained within the same 2 day period.

Table 9-1: Liver Status Update Schedule

If the candidate is:	The new laboratory values must be reported every:	And when reported, the new laboratory values must be no older than :
Status 1A or 1B	7 days	2 days
MELD 25 or greater (ages 18 or older)	7 days	2 days
MELD/PELD 25 or greater (less than 18 years old)	14 days	3 days
MELD/PELD 19 to 24	30 days	7 days
MELD/PELD 11 to 18	90 days	14 days
MELD/PELD 10 or less	365 days	30 days

Status 1B candidates have these further requirements for certification:

- Candidates with a gastrointestinal bleed as the reason for the initial status 1B upgrade criteria must have had another bleed in the past 7 days immediately before the upgrade in order to recertify as status 1B.
- Candidates indicating a metabolic disease or a hepatoblastoma require recertification every 90 days with lab values no older than 14 days.

If a candidate is not recertified by the deadline according to *Table 9-1*, the candidate will be re-assigned to their previous lower MELD or PELD score. The candidate may remain at that previous lower score for the period allowed based on the recertification schedule for the previous lower score, minus the time spent in the uncertified score.

If the candidate remains uncertified past the recertification due date for the previous lower score, the candidate will be assigned a MELD or PELD score of 6. If a candidate has no previous lower MELD or PELD score, and is not recertified according to the schedule, the candidate will be reassigned to a MELD or PELD score of 6, or will remain at the uncertified PELD score if it is less than 6.

9.2.A Recertification of Status 1A or 1B

Transplant hospitals must submit a completed *Liver Status 1A or 1B Justification Form* to the OPTN Contractor for *each* recertification as a status 1A or 1B. A request to continue as status 1A or 1B beyond 14 days accumulated time will result in a review of all status 1A or 1B liver candidate registrations at the transplant hospital. A review will not occur if the request was for a candidate meeting the requirements for hepatoblastoma in *Policy 9.1.C: Pediatric Status 1B Requirements* or a metabolic disease in *Policy 9.5.F: Requirements for Metabolic Disease MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*.

9.3 Status Exceptions

The Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee establishes guidelines for review of status and MELD/PELD score exception requests.

If a candidate's transplant program believes that a candidate's current status does not appropriately reflect the candidate's medical urgency for transplant, the transplant program may register a candidate at an exceptional status. However, the Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee will retrospectively review all exception candidates registered as status 1A or 1B and may refer these cases

to the Membership and Professional Standards Committee (MPSC) for review according to *Appendix L* of the OPTN Bylaws.

9.4 MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

If a candidate's transplant program believes that a candidate's current MELD or PELD score does not appropriately reflect the candidate's medical urgency for transplant, the transplant program may submit a MELD/PELD score exception request to the National Liver Review Board (NLRB).

9.4.A MELD or PELD Score Exception Requests¹

A MELD or PELD score exception request must include *all* of the following:

1. A request for a specific MELD or PELD score
2. A justification of how the medical criteria supports that the candidate has a higher MELD or PELD score
3. An explanation of how the candidate's current condition and potential for benefit from transplant would be comparable to that of other candidates with that MELD or PELD score

Approved MELD or PELD exception scores are valid for 90 days from the date the exception is approved.

9.4.B NLRB and Committee Review of MELD or PELD Exceptions²

The NLRB must review exception or extension requests within 21 days of the date the request is submitted to the OPTN Contractor. If the NLRB fails to make a decision on the initial exception or extension request by the end of the 21 day review period, the candidate will be assigned the requested MELD or PELD exception score.

9.4.B.i: NLRB Appeals

If the NLRB denies an exception or extension request, the candidate's transplant program may appeal to the NLRB within 14 days of receiving the denial.

The NLRB must review appeals within 21 days of the date the appeal is submitted to the OPTN Contractor. If the NLRB fails to make a decision on the appeal by the end of the 21 day appeal period, the candidate will be assigned the requested MELD or PELD exception score.

9.4.B.ii: Appeals Review Team (ART) Conference

If the NLRB denies the appeal for an exception or extension request, the candidate's transplant program may further appeal to the Appeals Review Team (ART) within 7 days of receiving notification of the denial. If the transplant program appeals the exception or extension request to the ART, the ART must review the request within 14 days of the date the appeal is submitted to the OPTN Contractor. If the ART fails to make a decision on the appealed request by the end of the 14 day ART appeal review period, the candidate will be assigned the requested MELD or PELD exception score.

¹ Previously, 9.3.A.

² Previously, 9.3.B.

9.4.B.iii Committee Appeals

If the ART denies the appeal for an exception or extension request, the candidate's transplant program may appeal to the Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee within 7 days of receiving notification of the denial.

9.4.C MELD or PELD Exception Extensions³

A candidate's approved exception will be maintained if the transplant hospital enters a MELD or PELD Exception Score Extension Request before the due date even if the NLRB does not act before the due date. If the extension request is denied or if no MELD or PELD Exception Score Extension Request is submitted before the due date, then the candidate will be assigned the calculated MELD or PELD score based on the most recent reported laboratory values.

Each approved MELD or PELD exception extension is valid for an additional 90 days beginning from the day that the previous exception or extension expired.

9.4.D Calculation of Median MELD or PELD at Transplant

Median MELD at transplant (MMaT) is calculated by using the median of the MELD scores at the time of transplant of all recipients at least 12 years old who were transplanted at hospitals within 250 nautical miles of the candidate's listing hospital in the last 365 days.

Median PELD at transplant (MPaT) is calculated by using the median of the PELD scores at the time of transplant of all recipients less than 12 years old in the nation.

The MMaT and MPaT calculations exclude recipients who are either of the following:

1. Transplanted with livers from living donors, DCD donors, and donors from donor hospitals more than 500 nautical miles away from the transplant hospital
2. Status 1A or 1B at the time of transplant.

The OPTN Contractor will recalculate the MMaT and MPaT every 180 days using the previous 365-day cohort. If there have been fewer than 10 qualifying transplants within 250 nautical miles of a transplant hospital in the previous 365 days, the MMaT will be calculated based on the previous 730 days.

Exceptions scores will be updated to reflect changes in MMaT or MPaT each time the MMaT or MPaT is recalculated. The following exception scores are not awarded relative to MMaT or MPaT and will not be updated:

1. Exception scores of 40 or higher awarded by the NLRB according to *Policy 9.4.A: MELD or PELD Score Exception Requests*
2. Any exception awarded according to *Policy 9.5.D: Requirements for Hepatic Artery Thrombosis (HAT) MELD Score Exceptions*
3. Exceptions awarded to candidates less than 18 years old at time of registration according to *Policy 9.5.I: Requirements for Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
4. Initial exceptions and first extensions awarded to candidates at least 18 at time of registration according to *Policy 9.5.I: Requirements for Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*

³ Previously, 9.3.G.

9.5 Specific Standardized MELD or PELD Score Exceptions⁴

Candidates are eligible for MELD or PELD score exceptions or extensions that do not require evaluation by the NLRB if they meet *any* of the following requirements for a specific diagnosis of *any* of the following:

- Cholangiocarcinoma (CCA), according to *Policy 9.5.A: Requirements for Cholangiocarcinoma MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Cystic fibrosis, according to *Policy 9.5.B: Requirements for Cystic Fibrosis MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Familial amyloid polyneuropathy, according to *Policy 9.5.C: Requirements for Familial Amyloid Polyneuropathy (FAP) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Hepatic artery thrombosis, according to *Policy 9.5.D: Requirements for Hepatic Artery Thrombosis (HAT) MELD Score Exceptions*
- Hepatopulmonary syndrome, according to *Policy 9.5.E: Requirements for Hepatopulmonary Syndrome (HPS) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Metabolic disease, according to *Policy 9.5.F: Requirements for Metabolic Disease MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Portopulmonary hypertension, according to *Policy 9.5.G: Requirements for Portopulmonary Hypertension MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Primary hyperoxaluria, according to *Policy 9.5.H: Requirements for Primary Hyperoxaluria MELD or PELD Score Exceptions*
- Hepatocellular carcinoma, according to *Policy 9.5.I: Requirements for Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) MELD or PELD Score Exception*

If a candidate's exception score based on the score assignments relative to MMaT or MPaT in this section would be lower than 15, the candidate's exception score will be 15.

9.5.A Requirements for Cholangiocarcinoma (CCA) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions⁵

A candidate will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for CCA, if the candidate's transplant hospital meets *all* the following qualifications:

1. Submits a written protocol for patient care to the Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee that must include *all* of the following:
 - Candidate selection criteria
 - Administration of neoadjuvant therapy before transplantation
 - Operative staging to exclude any patient with regional hepatic lymph node metastases, intrahepatic metastases, or extrahepatic disease
 - Any data requested by the Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee
2. Documents that the candidate meets the diagnostic criteria for hilar CCA with a malignant appearing stricture on cholangiography and at least *one* of the following:
 - Biopsy or cytology results demonstrating malignancy
 - Carbohydrate antigen 19-9 greater than 100 U/mL in absence of cholangitis
 - Aneuploidy

The tumor must be considered un-resectable because of technical considerations or underlying liver disease.
3. Submits cross-sectional imaging studies. If cross-sectional imaging studies demonstrate a mass, the mass must be single and less than three cm.

⁴ Previously, 9.3.C.

⁵ Previously, 9.3.E.

4. Documents the exclusion of intrahepatic and extrahepatic metastases by cross-sectional imaging studies of the chest and abdomen within 90 days prior to submission of the initial exception request.
5. Assesses regional hepatic lymph node involvement and peritoneal metastases by operative staging after completion of neoadjuvant therapy and before liver transplantation. Endoscopic ultrasound-guided aspiration of regional hepatic lymph nodes may be advisable to exclude patients with obvious metastases before neo-adjuvant therapy is initiated.
6. Transperitoneal aspiration or biopsy of the primary tumor (either by endoscopic ultrasound, operative or percutaneous approaches) must be avoided because of the high risk of tumor seeding associated with these procedures.

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-2* below.

Table 9-2: CCA Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	3 points below MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Equal to MPaT

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Exception Extensions*, and provide cross-sectional imaging studies of the chest and abdomen that exclude intrahepatic and extrahepatic metastases. These required imaging studies must have been completed within 30 days prior to the submission of the extension request.

9.5.B Requirements for Cystic Fibrosis (CF) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

A candidate will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for cystic fibrosis if the candidate's diagnosis has been confirmed by genetic analysis, and the candidate has a forced expiratory volume at one second (FEV1) below 40 percent of predicted FEV1 within 30 days prior to submission of the initial exception request.

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-3* below.

Table 9-3: Cystic Fibrosis Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	3 points below MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Equal to MPaT

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Exception Extensions*.

9.5.C Requirements for Familial Amyloid Polyneuropathy (FAP) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

A candidate will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for FAP if the candidate's transplant hospital submits evidence of *all* of the following:

1. Either that the candidate is also registered and active on the waiting list for a heart transplant at that transplant hospital, or has an echocardiogram performed within 30 days prior to submission of the initial exception request showing the candidate has an ejection fraction greater than 40 percent.
2. That the candidate can walk without assistance.
3. That a transthyretin (TTR) gene mutation has been confirmed.
4. A biopsy-proven amyloid.

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-4* below.

Table 9-4: FAP Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	3 points below MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Equal to MPaT

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Score Exception Extensions* and meet one of the following criteria:

1. An echocardiogram that shows that the candidate has an ejection fraction greater than 40 percent within the last 120 days
2. Registered and active on the waiting list for a heart transplant at that hospital

9.5.D Requirements for Hepatic Artery Thrombosis (HAT) MELD Score Exceptions

A candidate will receive a MELD score exception for HAT if the candidate is at least 18 years old at registration and has HAT within 14 days of transplant but does not meet criteria for status 1A in *Policy 9.1.A: Adult Status 1A Requirements*.

Candidates who meet these requirements will receive a MELD score of 40.

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Exception Extensions*.

9.5.E Requirements for Hepatopulmonary Syndrome (HPS) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

A candidate will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for HPS if the candidate's transplant hospital submits evidence of *all* of the following:

1. Ascites, varices, splenomegaly, or thrombocytopenia.
2. A shunt, shown by either contrast echocardiogram or lung scan.
3. PaO₂ less than 60 mmHg on room air within 30 days prior to submission of the initial exception request.

4. No clinically significant underlying primary pulmonary disease.

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-5* below.

Table 9-5: HPS Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	3 points below MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Equal to MPaT

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Score Exception Extensions*, with evidence that the candidate's PaO₂ remained at less than 60 mmHg on room air within the 30 days prior to submission of the extension request.

9.5.F Requirements for Metabolic Disease MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

A liver candidate less than 18 years old at the time of registration will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for metabolic disease if the candidate's transplant hospital submits evidence of urea cycle disorder or organic acidemia.

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-6* below.

Table 9-6: Metabolic Disease Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Equal to MPaT

If the candidate does not receive a transplant within 30 days of being registered with the exception score, then the candidate's transplant physician may register the candidate as a status 1B.

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Score Exception Extensions*.

9.5.G Requirements for Portopulmonary Hypertension MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

A candidate will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for portopulmonary hypertension if the transplant hospital submits evidence of *all* of the following:

1. Initial mean pulmonary arterial pressure (MPAP) level
2. Initial pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) level
3. Initial transpulmonary gradient to correct for volume overload
4. Documentation of treatment
5. Post-treatment MPAP less than 35 mmHg within 90 days prior to submission of the initial exception

6. Post treatment PVR less than 400 dynes*sec/cm⁵ or less than 5.1 Wood units (WU), on the same test date as post-treatment MPAP less than 35 mmHg

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-7* below.

Table 9-7: Portopulmonary Hypertension Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	3 points below MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Equal to MPaT

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Score Exception Extensions* with evidence of a heart catheterization since the last exception or extension request that confirms the mean pulmonary arterial pressure (MPAP) remains less than 35 mmHg.

9.5.H Requirements for Primary Hyperoxaluria MELD or PELD Score Exceptions

A candidate will receive a MELD or PELD score exception for primary hyperoxaluria if the candidate's transplant hospital submits evidence of all of the following:

1. The liver candidate is registered on the waiting list for a kidney transplant at that transplant hospital
2. Alanine glyoxylate aminotransferase (AGT) deficiency proven by liver biopsy using sample analysis or genetic analysis
3. Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) by six variable Modification of Diet in Renal Disease formula (MDRD6), or glomerular filtration rate (GFR) measured by iothalamate or iohexol, is less than or equal to 25 mL/min on 2 occasions at least 42 days apart

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned an exception score according to *Table 9-8* below.

Table 9-8: Primary Hyperoxaluria Scores

Age	Age at registration	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	Equal to MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	3 points above MMaT
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	3 points above MPaT

In order to be approved for an extension of this MELD or PELD score exception, transplant hospitals must submit an exception extension request according to *Policy 9.4.C: MELD or PELD Score Exception Extensions* with evidence that the candidate is registered on the waiting list for a kidney transplant at that hospital.

9.5.I Requirements for Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) MELD or PELD Score Exceptions⁶

Upon submission of the first exception request, a candidate with hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) will be provided a score according to *Policy 9.5.I.vii: Extensions of HCC Exceptions*⁷ if the candidate meets the criteria according to *Policies 9.5.I.i through 9.5.I.vi*.⁸

9.5.I.i Initial Assessment and Requirements for HCC Exception Requests⁹

Prior to applying for a standardized MELD or PELD exception, the candidate must undergo a thorough assessment that includes *all* of the following:

1. An evaluation of the number and size of lesions before local-regional therapy that meet Class 5 criteria using a dynamic contrast enhanced computed tomography (CT) or magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
2. A CT of the chest to rule out metastatic disease
3. A CT or MRI to rule out any other sites of extrahepatic spread or macrovascular involvement
4. An indication that the candidate is not eligible for resection
5. An indication whether the candidate has undergone local-regional therapy
6. The candidate's alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) level

The transplant hospital must maintain documentation of the radiologic images and assessments of all OPTN Class 5 lesions in the candidate's medical record. If growth criteria are used to classify a lesion as HCC, the radiology report must contain the prior and current dates of imaging, type of imaging, and measurements of the lesion.

For those candidates who receive a liver transplant while receiving additional priority under the HCC exception criteria, the transplant hospital must submit the *Post-Transplant Explant Pathology Form* to the OPTN Contractor within 60 days of transplant. If the pathology report does not show evidence of HCC, the transplant hospital must also submit documentation or imaging studies confirming HCC at the time of assignment. The Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee will review a transplant hospital when more than 10 percent of the HCC cases in a one-year period are not supported by the required pathologic confirmation or submission of clinical information.

9.5.I.ii Eligible Candidates Definition of T2 Lesions¹⁰

Candidates with T2 HCC lesions are eligible for a standardized MELD or PELD exception if they have an alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) level less than or equal to 1000 ng/mL and *either* of the following:

1. One lesion greater than or equal to 2 cm and less than or equal to 5 cm in size.
2. Two or three lesions each greater than or equal to 1 cm and less than or equal to 3 cm in size.

A candidate who has previously had an AFP level greater than 1000 ng/mL at any time must qualify for a standardized MELD or PELD exception according to *Policy 9.5.I.iv: Candidates with Alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) Levels Greater than 1000*.

⁶ Previously, 9.3.F

⁷ Previously, 9.3.F.vii

⁸ Previously, 9.3.F.i through vi.

⁹ Previously, 9.3.F.i.

¹⁰ Previously, 9.3.F.ii.

9.5.I.iii Lesions Eligible for Downstaging Protocols¹¹

Candidates are eligible for a standardized MELD or PELD exception if, before completing local-regional therapy, they have lesions that meet *one* of the following criteria:

1. One lesion greater than 5 cm and less than or equal to 8 cm
2. Two or three lesions each greater than 3 cm or less than or equal to 5 cm, and a total diameter of all lesions less than or equal to 8 cm
3. Four or five lesions each less than 3 cm, and a total diameter of all lesions less than or equal to 8 cm

For candidates who meet the downstaging criteria above and then complete local-regional therapy, their residual lesions must subsequently meet the requirements for T2 lesions according to *Policy 9.5.I.ii: Eligible Candidates Definition of T2 Lesions*¹² to be eligible for a standardized MELD or PELD exception. Downstaging to meet eligibility requirements for T2 lesions must be demonstrated by CT or MRI performed after local-regional therapy. Candidates with lesions that do not initially meet the downstaging protocol inclusion criteria who are later downstaged and then meet eligibility for T2 lesions are not automatically eligible for a standardized MELD or PELD exception and must be referred to the NLRB for consideration of a MELD or PELD exception.

9.5.I.iv Candidates with Alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) Levels Greater than 1000¹³

Candidates with lesions meeting T2 criteria according to *Policy 9.5.I.ii Eligible Candidates Definition of T2 Lesions*¹⁴ but with an alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) level greater than 1000 ng/mL may be treated with local-regional therapy. If the candidate's AFP level falls below 500 ng/mL after treatment, the candidate is eligible for a standardized MELD or PELD exception as long as the candidate's AFP level remains below 500 ng/mL. Candidates with an AFP level greater than or equal to 500 ng/mL following local-regional therapy at any time must be referred to the NLRB for consideration of a MELD or PELD exception.

9.5.I.v Requirements for Dynamic Contrast-enhanced CT or MRI of the Liver¹⁵

CT scans and MRIs performed for a Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) MELD or PELD score exception request must be interpreted by a radiologist at a transplant hospital. If the scan is inadequate or incomplete then the lesion will be classified as OPTN Class 0 and imaging must be repeated or completed to receive an HCC MELD or PELD exception.

9.5.I.vi Imaging Requirements for Class 5 Lesions

Lesions found on images of cirrhotic livers are classified according to *Table 9-2*.

Table 9-2: Classification System for Lesions Seen on Imaging of Cirrhotic Livers

Class	Description
0	Incomplete or technically inadequate study

¹¹ Previously, 9.3.F.iii.

¹² Previously, 9.3.F.ii.

¹³ Previously, 9.3.F.iv.

¹⁴ Previously, 9.5.F.ii.

¹⁵ Previously, 9.3.F.v.

Class	Description
5A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum diameter of at least 1 cm and less than 2 cm, as measured on late arterial or portal phase images. • Increased contrast enhancement, relative to hepatic parenchyma, on late arterial phase. • <i>Either</i> of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Washout during the later contrast phases and peripheral rim enhancement on delayed phase • Biopsy
5A-g	<p>Must meet <i>all</i> of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Maximum diameter of at least 1 cm and less than 2 cm, as measured on late arterial or portal phase images. 2. Increased contrast enhancement, relative to hepatic parenchyma, on late arterial phase. 3. Maximum diameter increase of at least 50% documented on serial MRI or CT obtained at least 6 months apart.
5B	<p>Must meet <i>all</i> of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Maximum diameter of at least 2 cm and less than or equal to 5 cm, as measured on late arterial or portal phase images. 2. Increased contrast enhancement, relative to hepatic parenchyma, on late hepatic arterial images. 3. <i>One</i> of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Washout on portal venous/delayed phase. 2. Peripheral rim enhancement. 3. Maximum diameter increase, in the absence of ablation, by 50% or more and documented on serial MRI or CT obtained at least 6 months apart. Serial imaging and measurements must be performed on corresponding contrast phases. 4. Biopsy.
5T	Any Class 5A, 5A-g, 5B lesion that was automatically approved upon initial request or extension and has subsequently been ablated.

9.5.I.vii Extensions of HCC Exceptions¹⁶

In order for a candidate to maintain an approved exception for HCC, the transplant program must submit an updated MELD or PELD Exception Score Request Form that contains the following:

1. Documentation of the tumor using a CT or MRI
2. The type of treatment if the number of tumors decreased since the last request
3. The candidate's alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) level

The candidate will then receive the additional priority unless *any* of the following occurs:

- The candidate's lesions progress beyond T2 criteria, according to 9.5.I.ii: *Eligible Candidates Definition of T2 Lesions*¹⁷
- The candidate's alpha-fetoprotein (AFP) level was less than or equal to 1,000 ng/mL on the initial request but subsequently rises above 1,000 ng/mL

¹⁶ Previously, 9.3.F.vii.

¹⁷ Previously, 9.3.F.ii

- The candidate's AFP level was greater than 1,000 ng/mL, the AFP level falls below 500 ng/mL after treatment but before the initial request, then the AFP level subsequently rises to greater than or equal to 500 ng/mL
- The candidate's tumors have been resected since the previous request

When a liver candidate at least 18 years old at the time of registration submits an initial request or the first extension request that meets the requirements for a standardized MELD score exception, the candidate will receive a MELD score of 6, and appear on the match according to that exception score or the calculated MELD score, whichever is higher.

A candidate who meets the requirements for a standardized MELD or PELD score exception will be assigned a score according to *Table 9-9* below.

Table 9-9: HCC Exception Scores

Age	Age at registration	Exception Request	Score
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	Initial and first extension	6
At least 18 years old	At least 18 years old	Any extension after the first extension	3 points below MMaT
At least 12 years old	Less than 18 years old	Any	40
Less than 12 years old	Less than 12 years old	Any	40

9.7.B Points Assigned by Blood Type

For status 1A and 1B transplant candidates, those with the same blood type as the deceased liver donor will receive 10 points. Candidates with compatible but not identical blood types will receive 5 points, and candidates with incompatible types will receive 0 points. Blood type O candidates who will accept a liver from a blood type A, non-A₁ blood type donor will receive 5 points for blood type incompatible matching.

9.8.C Allocation of Livers by Blood Type

Livers from blood type O donors must be offered in the following order:

- Status 1A and 1B candidates, blood type O candidates, and blood type B candidates with a MELD or PELD score of at least 30
- Blood type B candidates with a MELD or PELD score less than 30
- Any remaining blood type compatible candidates

For status 1A or 1B candidates or candidates with an allocation MELD or PELD score greater than or equal to 30, transplant hospitals may specify on the waiting list if those candidates will accept a liver from a deceased donor of any blood type. Candidates are given points depending on their blood type according to *Policy 9.7.B: Points Assigned by Blood Type*.

9.8.D Sorting Within Each Classification

Within each status 1A allocation classification, candidates are sorted in the following order:

- Total waiting time and blood type compatibility points (highest to lowest), according to *Policy 9.7: Liver Allocation Points*
- Total waiting time at status 1A (highest to lowest)

Within each status 1B allocation classification, candidates are sorted in the following order:

- Total waiting time and blood type compatibility points (highest to lowest), according to *Policy 9.7: Liver Allocation Points*
- Total waiting time at status 1B (highest to lowest)

Within each MELD or PELD score allocation classification, all candidates are sorted in the following order:

- MELD or PELD score (highest to lowest)
- Identical blood types, compatible blood types, then incompatible blood types
- Waiting time at the current or higher MELD or PELD score (highest to lowest)
- Time since submission of initial approved MELD or PELD exception request (highest to lowest)
- Total waiting time (highest to lowest)

9.8.E Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors at Least 18 Years Old and Less than 70 Years Old

Livers from non-DCD deceased donors at least 18 years old and less than 70 years old are allocated to candidates according to *Table 9-10* below.

Table 9-10: Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors at Least 18 Years Old and Less than 70 Years Old

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type:	Candidate blood type
1	Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
2	Status 1B	500nm	Any	Any
3	37	150nm	O	O or B
4	37	150nm	Non-O	Any
5	37	250nm	O	O or B
6	37	250nm	Non-O	Any
7	37	500nm	O	O or B
8	37	500nm	Non-O	Any
9	33	150nm	O	O or B
10	33	150nm	Non-O	Any
11	33	250nm	O	O or B
12	33	250nm	Non-O	Any
13	33	500nm	O	O or B
14	33	500nm	Non-O	Any
15	30	150nm	O	O or B
16	29	150nm	O	O
17	29	150nm	Non-O	Any

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type:	Candidate blood type
18	30	250nm	O	O or B
19	29	250nm	O	O
20	29	250nm	Non-O	Any
21	30	500nm	O	O or B
22	29	500nm	O	O
23	29	500nm	Non-O	Any
24	15	150nm	O	O
25	15	150nm	Non-O	Any
26	15	250nm	O	O
27	15	250nm	Non-O	Any
28	15	500nm	O	O
29	15	500nm	Non-O	Any
30	Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
31	Status 1B	Nation	Any	Any
32	30	Nation	O	O or B
33	15	Nation	O	O
34	15	Nation	Non-O	Any
35	Any	150nm	O	O
36	Any	150nm	Non-O	Any
37	Any	250nm	O	O
38	Any	250nm	Non-O	Any
39	Any	500nm	O	O
40	Any	500nm	Non-O	Any
41	Any	Nation	O	O
42	Any	Nation	Non-O	Any
43	29	150nm	O	B
44	29	250nm	O	B
45	29	500nm	O	B
46	15	150nm	O	B
47	15	250nm	O	B
48	15	500nm	O	B
49	15	Nation	O	B
50	Any	150nm	O	B
51	Any	250nm	O	B
52	Any	500nm	O	B

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type:	Candidate blood type
53	Any	Nation	O	B
54	37	150nm	O	A or AB
55	37	250nm	O	A or AB
56	37	500nm	O	A or AB
57	33	150nm	O	A or AB
58	33	250nm	O	A or AB
59	33	500nm	O	A or AB
60	29	150nm	O	A or AB
61	29	250nm	O	A or AB
62	29	500nm	O	A or AB
63	15	150nm	O	A or AB
64	15	250nm	O	A or AB
65	15	500nm	O	A or AB
66	15	Nation	O	A or AB
67	Any	150nm	O	A or AB
68	Any	250nm	O	A or AB
69	Any	500nm	O	A or AB
70	Any	Nation	O	A or AB
71	Status 1A, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
72	Status 1B, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
73	Any MELD or PELD for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

9.8.F Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors 11 to 17 Years Old

Livers from non-DCD deceased donors 11 to 17 years old are allocated to candidates according to *Table 9-11* below.

Table 9-11: Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors 11 to 17 Years Old

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
1	Pediatric Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
2	Adult Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
3	Pediatric Status 1B	500nm	Any	Any
4	PELD of at least 30	500nm	O	O or B
5	Any PELD	500nm	O	O
6	Any PELD	500nm	Non-O	Any
7	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O or B
8	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O
9	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	Non-O	Any
10	Pediatric Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
11	Adult Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
12	Pediatric Status 1B	Nation	Any	Any
13	PELD score of at least 30	Nation	O	O or B
14	Any PELD	Nation	O	O
15	Any PELD	Nation	Non-O	Any
16	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O or B
17	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O
18	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	Non-O	Any
19	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O or B
20	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O
21	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	Non-O	Any

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
22	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O or B
23	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O
24	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	Non-O	Any
25	Any PELD	500nm	O	B
26	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	B
27	Any PELD	Nation	O	B
28	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	B
29	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	B
30	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	B
31	Any PELD	500nm	O	A or AB
32	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	A or AB
33	Any PELD	Nation	O	A or AB
34	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	A or AB
35	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	A or AB
36	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	A or AB
37	Adult or Pediatric Status 1A, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
38	Pediatric Status 1B, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
39	Any MELD or PELD for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

9.8.G Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors Less than 11 Years Old

Livers from non-DCD donors less than 11 years old are allocated to candidates according to *Table 9-12* below.

Table 9-12: Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors Less than 11 Years Old

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
1	Pediatric status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
2	Pediatric Status 1A and candidate is less than 12 years old	Nation	Any	Any
3	Adult Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
4	Pediatric Status 1B	500nm	Any	Any
5	PELD of at least 30	500nm	O	O or B
6	Any PELD	500nm	O	O
7	Any PELD	500nm	Non-O	Any
8	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O or B
9	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O
10	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	Non-O	Any
11	Pediatric Status 1A and candidate is at least 12 years old	Nation	Any	Any
12	Adult Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
13	Pediatric Status 1B	Nation	Any	Any

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
14	PELD of at least 30	Nation	O	O or B
15	Any PELD	Nation	O	O
16	Any PELD	Nation	Non-O	Any
17	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O or B
18	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O
19	Any MELD and less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	Non-O	Any
20	MELD of at least 30 and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O or B
21	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O
22	Any MELD and at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	Non-O	Any
23	Any MELD and at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	Non-O	Any
24	Any PELD	500nm	O	B
25	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	B
26	Any PELD	Nation	O	B
27	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	B
28	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	B
29	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	B
30	Any PELD	500nm	O	A or AB

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
31	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	A or AB
32	Any PELD	Nation	O	A or AB
33	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	A or AB
34	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	A or AB
35	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	A or AB
36	Status 1A, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
37	Status 1B, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
38	Any MELD or PELD for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

9.8.H Allocation of Livers and Liver-Intestines from DCD Donors or Donors at Least 70 Years Old

Livers and liver-intestines from DCD donors or donors at least 70 years old are allocated to candidates according to *Table 9-13* below.

Table 9-13: Allocation of Livers and Liver-Intestines from DCD Donors or Donors at Least 70 Years Old

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
1	Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
2	Status 1B	500nm	Any	Any
3	30	150nm	O	O or B
4	15	150nm	O	O
5	15	150nm	Non-O	Any
6	30	250nm	O	O or B

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
7	15	250nm	O	O
8	15	250nm	Non-O	Any
9	30	500nm	O	O or B
10	15	500nm	O	O
11	15	500nm	Non-O	Any
12	Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
13	Status 1B	Nation	Any	Any
14	30	Nation	O	O or B
15	15	Nation	O	O
16	15	Nation	Non-O	Any
17	Any	150nm	O	O
18	Any	150nm	Non-O	Any
19	Any	250nm	O	O
20	Any	250nm	Non-O	Any
21	Any	500nm	O	O
22	Any	500nm	Non-O	Any
23	Any	Nation	O	O
24	Any	Nation	Non-O	Any
25	15	150nm	O	B
26	15	250nm	O	B
27	15	500nm	O	B
28	15	Nation	O	B
29	Any	150nm	O	B
30	Any	250nm	O	B
31	Any	500nm	O	B
32	Any	Nation	O	B
33	15	150nm	O	A or AB
34	15	250nm	O	A or AB
35	15	500nm	O	A or AB
36	15	Nation	O	A or AB
37	Any	150nm	O	A or AB
38	Any	250nm	O	A or AB
39	Any	500nm	O	A or AB
40	Any	Nation	O	A or AB

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
41	Status 1A, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
42	Status 1B, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
43	Any MELD or PELD for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

9.8.J Allocation of Liver-Intestines from Non-DCD Deceased Donors at Least 18 Years Old and Less than 70 Years Old

Livers and intestines from non-DCD deceased donors at least 18 years old and less than 70 years old are allocated to candidates according to *Table 9-14* below:

Table 9-14: Allocation of Liver-Intestines from Non-DCD Deceased Donors at Least 18 Years Old and Less than 70 Years Old

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
1	Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
2	Status 1B	500nm	Any	Any
3	37	150nm	O	O or B
4	37	150nm	Non-O	Any
5	37	250nm	O	O or B
6	37	250nm	Non-O	Any
7	37	500nm	O	O or B
8	37	500nm	Non-O	Any
9	33	150nm	O	O or B
10	33	150nm	Non-O	Any
11	33	250nm	O	O or B
12	33	250nm	Non-O	Any
13	33	500nm	O	O or B
14	33	500nm	Non-O	Any
15	30	150nm	O	O or B
16	29	150nm	O	O
17	29	150nm	Non-O	Any

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
18	30	250nm	O	O or B
19	29	250nm	O	O
20	29	250nm	Non-O	Any
21	30	500nm	O	O or B
22	29	500nm	O	O
23	29	500nm	Non-O	Any
24	Status 1A and also registered for an intestine	Nation	Any	Any
25	Status 1B and also registered for an intestine	Nation	Any	Any
26	30 and also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	O or B
27	Any and also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	O
28	Any and also registered for an intestine	Nation	Non-O	Any
29	15	150nm	O	O
30	15	150nm	Non-O	Any
31	15	250nm	O	O
32	15	250nm	Non-O	Any
33	15	500nm	O	O
34	15	500nm	Non-O	Any
35	Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
36	Status 1B	Nation	Any	Any
37	30	Nation	O	O or B
38	15	Nation	O	O
39	15	Nation	Non-O	Any
40	Any	150nm	O	O
41	Any	150nm	Non-O	Any
42	Any	250nm	O	O
43	Any	250nm	Non-O	Any
44	Any	500nm	O	O
45	Any	500nm	Non-O	Any
46	Any	Nation	O	O
47	Any	Nation	Non-O	Any
48	29	150nm	O	B

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
49	29	250nm	O	B
50	29	500nm	O	B
51	Any and also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	B
52	15	150nm	O	B
53	15	250nm	O	B
54	15	500nm	O	B
55	15	Nation	O	B
56	Any	150nm	O	B
57	Any	250nm	O	B
58	Any	500nm	O	B
59	Any	Nation	O	B
60	37	150nm	O	A or AB
61	37	250nm	O	A or AB
62	37	500nm	O	A or AB
63	33	150nm	O	A or AB
64	33	250nm	O	A or AB
65	33	500nm	O	A or AB
66	29	150nm	O	A or AB
67	29	250nm	O	A or AB
68	29	500nm	O	A or AB
69	Any and also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	A or AB
70	15	150nm	O	A or AB
71	15	250nm	O	A or AB
72	15	500nm	O	A or AB
73	15	Nation	O	A or AB
74	Any	150nm	O	A or AB
75	Any	250nm	O	A or AB
76	Any	500nm	O	A or AB
77	Any	Nation	O	A or AB
78	Status 1A, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
79	Status 1B, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

Classification	Candidates with a score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from the donor hospital:	Donor blood type	Candidate blood type
80	Any MELD or PELD for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

9.8.K Allocation of Liver-Intestines from Non-DCD Donors 11 to 17 Years Old

For combined liver-intestine allocation from non-DCD donors 11 to 17 years old, the liver must first be offered as follows:

- According to *Policy 9.8.G: Allocation of Livers from Non-DCD Deceased Donors 11 to 17 Years Old*
- Sequentially to *each* liver candidate, including all MELD and PELD candidates, through national status 1A and 1B offers
- The liver may then be offered to combined liver-intestine potential recipients sequentially according to the intestine match run.

9.8.L Allocation of Liver-Intestines from Non-DCD Donors Less than 11 Years Old

Livers and intestines from non-DCD donors less than 11 years old are allocated to candidates according to *Table 9-15* below.

Table 9-15: Allocation of Combined Liver-Intestines from Donors Less than 11 Years Old

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
1	Pediatric Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
2	Pediatric Status 1A and candidate is less than 12 years old	Nation	Any	Any
3	Pediatric Status 1A, candidate is at least 12 years old, and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	Any	Any
4	Adult Status 1A	500nm	Any	Any
5	Pediatric Status 1B	500nm	Any	Any
6	PELD 30	500nm	O	O or B
7	PELD 20	500nm	O	O
8	PELD 20	500nm	Non-O	Any

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
9	Pediatric Status 1B, and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	Any	Any
10	PELD of at least 30 and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	O or B
11	PELD of at least 20 and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	O
12	PELD of at least 20 and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	Non-O	Any
13	Any PELD	500nm	O	O
14	Any PELD	500nm	Non-O	Any
15	MELD of at least 30 and less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O or B
16	Any MELD and less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O
17	Any MELD, candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	Non-O	Any
18	Pediatric Status 1A and at least 12 years old	Nation	Any	Any
19	Adult Status 1A	Nation	Any	Any
20	Pediatric Status 1B	Nation	Any	Any
21	PELD at least 30	Nation	O	O or B
22	Any PELD	Nation	O	O
23	Any PELD	Nation	Non-O	Any
24	MELD of at least 30 and less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O or B
25	Any MELD and less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O
26	Any MELD and less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	Non-O	Any
27	MELD of at least 30 and at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O or B
28	Any MELD and at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	O

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
29	Any MELD and at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	Non-O	Any
30	MELD of at least 30 and at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O or B
31	Any MELD and at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	O
32	Any MELD and at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	Non-O	Any
33	PELD 20	500nm	O	B
34	PELD of at least 20 and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	B
35	Any PELD	500nm	O	B
36	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	B
37	Any PELD	Nation	O	B
38	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	B
39	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	B
40	Any MELD and candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	B
41	PELD 20	500nm	O	A or AB
42	PELD of at least 20 and candidate is also registered for an intestine	Nation	O	A or AB
43	Any PELD	500nm	O	A or AB
44	Any MELD and candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	A or AB
45	Any PELD	Nation	O	A or AB
46	Any MELD, candidate is less than 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	A or AB
47	Any MELD, candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	500nm	O	A or AB

Classification	Candidates with a MELD/PELD score of at least	And registered at a transplant hospital that is within this distance from a donor hospital	Donor Type	Candidate Type
48	Any MELD, candidate is at least 18 years old at registration	Nation	O	A or AB
49	Adult or Pediatric Status 1A, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
50	Pediatric Status 1B, for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any
51	Any MELD or PELD for other method of hepatic support	Nation	Any	Any

9.9 Liver-Kidney Allocation

If a host OPO procures a kidney along with other organs, the host OPO must first offer the kidney according to *one* of the following policies before allocating the kidney to kidney alone candidates according to *Policy 8: Allocation of Kidneys*:

- *Policy 5.10.C: Other Multi-Organ Combinations*
- *Policy 9.9: Liver-Kidney Allocation*
- *Policy 11.4.A: Kidney-Pancreas Allocation Order*

If a host OPO is offering a kidney and a liver from the same deceased donor, then before allocating the kidney to kidney alone candidates, the host OPO must offer the kidney with the liver to candidates who meet eligibility according to *Table 9-16: Medical Eligibility Criteria for Liver-Kidney Allocation* and are one of the following:

- Within 150 nautical miles of the donor hospital and have a MELD or PELD of 15 or higher
- Within 250 nautical miles of the donor hospital and have a MELD or PELD of at least 29
- Within 250 nautical miles of the donor hospital and status 1A or 1B.

The host OPO may then do *either* of the following:

- Offer the kidney and liver to any candidates who meet eligibility in *Table 9-16: Medical Eligibility Criteria for Liver-Kidney Allocation*.
- Offer the liver to liver alone candidates according to *Policy 9: Allocation of Livers and Liver-Intestines* and offer the kidney to kidney alone candidates according to *Policy 8: Allocation of Kidneys*.

9.10.A Registration Accuracy

If a member questions the accuracy or appropriateness of a liver allocation or candidate status, the member may report it with reasons for the concern to the national liver review board (NLRB). The NLRB will retrospectively review the allocation or status.

If the NLRB receives two or more reports about a member within any one year period, the NLRB will report it to the Membership and Professional Standards (MPSC) Committee and request an on-site review of the member.

9.10.B Review of Status 1A and 1B Candidate Registrations

If three or more status 1A or 1B candidate registrations at a transplant program are rejected and each of the candidates receives a transplant while registered at the rejected status, then the OPTN Contractor will conduct an on-site review of the transplant program's status 1A and 1B candidate registrations. If the OPTN Contractor finds a Policy violation or inappropriate registrations, the transplant program will reimburse all necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by the OPTN Contractor in performing this review.

9.10.C Location of Donor Hospitals

For the purposes of determining the location of the donor hospital, livers, intestine, and liver-intestine organs procured in Alaska will be considered procured from the Seattle Tacoma Airport, Seattle Washington.

9.11.B Closed Variance for Allocation of Blood Type O Deceased Donor Livers

This is a closed variance that applies only to liver and liver-intestine organs allocated by the OPOs in Hawaii and Puerto Rico to transplant programs in Hawaii and Puerto Rico, respectively due to geographic location. This variance supersedes the treatment of blood type O donors according to *9.8.C Allocation of Livers by Blood Type*, and instead the OPO will allocate these blood type O organs to all blood type candidates within the same classification.

This variance permits Hawaii and Puerto Rico OPOs to offer blood type O organs to any candidates in Hawaii and Puerto Rico transplant programs, respectively before having to offer it outside Hawaii and Puerto Rico, respectively.

Bylaw Language:

9.3 Review Boards

The OPTN establishes review boards to review requests for exceptions that are permitted by Policy. These review boards provide confidential medical peer review of transplant candidates placed on the waiting list at a more urgent status than the standard listing criteria justifies. As part of these reviews, review boards may perform the following tasks:

- Review justification forms submitted by the transplant hospital that document the candidate's current condition and decide if the requested status is appropriate.
- Refer transplant hospitals to the appropriate OPTN Committee for review of candidates listed and transplanted at an inappropriate status. The Committee may then, if necessary, refer the hospital to the Membership and Professional Standards Committee (MPSC).
- Serve other peer review functions as determined by the Board of Directors.

Review boards are formed under the direction of the Committees and Board of Directors. Review boards can operate and perform peer review functions as determined by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors and Committees may establish other guidelines for Review Board organization and function as necessary.

Appendix M: Definitions

Regions

For administrative purposes, OPTN membership is divided into 11 geographic regions. Members belong to the region in which they are located.

The regions are as follows:

Region 1	Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Eastern Vermont
Region 2	Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Northern Virginia, West Virginia
Region 3	Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Puerto Rico
Region 4	Oklahoma, Texas
Region 5	Arizona, California, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah
Region 6	Alaska, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington
Region 7	Illinois, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin
Region 8	Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Wyoming
Region 9	New York, Western Vermont
Region 10	Indiana, Michigan, Ohio
Region 11	Kentucky, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia

Waiting List

The list of candidates registered with the OPTN to receive organ transplants. When a donor organ becomes available, the matching system generates a new, more specific list of potential recipients based on the criteria defined in that organ's allocation policy.