**At-a-Glance**

Proposed Membership and Personnel Requirements for Intestine Transplant Programs

- **Affected/Proposed Policy:** Appendix G: Membership and Personnel Requirements for Intestine Transplant Programs

- **Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation and Membership and Professional Standards Committees**

  The proposed bylaw will define a designated intestine transplant program and establish minimum qualifications for primary intestine transplant surgeons and physicians. The proposal includes a full approval pathway and a conditional approval pathway to obtain the requisite experience to serve as the primary surgeon or primary physician. The intent is to set minimum standards where none currently exists without compromising quality or restricting new program formation.

- **Affected Groups**
  - Transplant Administrators
  - Transplant Coordinators
  - Transplant Data Coordinators
  - Transplant Physicians/Surgeons
  - Transplant Program Directors
  - Transplant Social Workers
  - Intestine Candidates

- **Number of Potential Candidates Affected**

  There were 158 new intestine waiting list candidates and 106 transplants performed in 2012. This number has been declining since 2007, when 198 intestine transplants were performed.

- **Compliance with OPTN Strategic Plan and Final Rule**

  This proposal will promote transplant patient safety by establishing minimum criteria where none currently exist.

- **Specific Requests for Comment**

  None.
Proposed Membership and Personnel Requirements for Intestine Transplant Programs

Affected/Proposed Policy:

Appendix G (Membership and Personnel Requirements for Intestine Transplant Program)

Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation and Membership and Professional Standards Committees (MPSC)

Public comment response period: January 27 – March 27, 2015

Summary and Goals of the Proposal

The proposed bylaw will define a designated intestine transplant program and establish minimum qualifications for primary intestine transplant surgeons and physicians. The proposal includes a full approval pathway and a conditional approval pathway for intestine transplant programs. The intent is to set minimum standards where none currently exists without compromising quality or restricting new program formation.

Background and Significance of the Proposal

There are currently no OPTN/UNOS requirements for qualifying intestinal programs, or their associated physicians, and surgeons. Currently, any transplant program that is approved to perform liver transplants can perform intestinal transplants. The Liver Committee submitted a proposal for public comment in August 2006, but it was not well-supported, and the proposal was withdrawn before the Board could consider it. The main concerns expressed were that a large number of well-qualified programs and smaller volume programs would not be able to meet these requirements, and that no training program in the country would have met the requirements as written. The proposal also did not contain a transition plan for existing programs. The Committee was aware that the American Society of Transplant Surgeons (ASTS) was developing its own criteria for intestinal program accreditation that would set levels for volume and experience, so it agreed to postpone this effort until after the ASTS made its recommendations.

The ASTS finalized its criteria for intestinal fellowship training programs in September 2008. A subcommittee of the Liver Committee made initial recommendations applying the bylaws for liver transplant surgeons and physicians with the ASTS volume numbers (10 transplants per year) as a starting point. These were presented to the MPSC in November 2009, and objections were expressed similar to ones regarding the prior proposal. In December 2012, the subcommittee presented recommendations to the MPSC, and once again concerns about the volume requirements were expressed because the number of intestine transplant surgeries has been declining since 2007. Concerns about how the bylaw would be implemented and the transition plan for current programs also resurfaced. In order to facilitate better cross-committee communication, a joint Liver-MPSC subcommittee was created in the fall of 2013. This joint subcommittee made several modifications to the proposal to address the concerns that have been expressed. In December 2013, the MPSC reviewed the most recent recommendations, and indicated that the proposal as amended addressed their concerns and was ready for public comment.

The amended policy proposal was circulated for public comment in the spring of 2014. Feedback from the community called for additional amendments to the proposal including the need for a designated dietician, affiliation with a gut rehabilitation program, and a less constraining time limit.

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on the requirements for full approval. Additionally, a more detailed plan for transition of existing programs was requested.

The Liver and Intestinal Organ Transplantation Committee reviewed public comment and asked the Intestinal Subcommittee to reconvene to address the community’s recommendations. The Intestinal Subcommittee made several modifications to the proposal and recommended that it be recirculated for public comment in the spring of 2015.

Proposal Highlights

The Committees recognize that similar to how membership requirements for other organs were initially developed, the thresholds proposed for intestinal programs were derived from clinical consensus instead of from statistical analyses; this is a low-volume procedure with the majority of programs performing fewer than 5 intestine or liver-intestine transplants in 2012. However, there are currently no requirements for who may perform intestine transplants and care for intestine transplant recipients. This follows the processes used to develop volume thresholds for other organs. The threshold of 7 transplants for surgeons and 7 post-transplant patients for physicians represent a level of experience that will allow the OPTN to set some minimal standards without restricting access or new program development.

- **Designated Intestine Transplant Program.** In order to be designated as an intestine transplant program, the applying transplant hospital must have current approval as a designated liver transplant program. The hospital must also identify at least one designated staff member to act as program director. The director must be a physician or surgeon who is a member of the hospital staff. The primary liver surgeon may also be the primary intestine surgeon if all the requirements for both are met. The application must contain a detailed program personnel coverage plan.

Intestine programs will follow application and review procedures similar to the other organs. For more information on the application and review process, see Appendix A: Membership Application and Review of these Bylaws.

- **Primary Surgeon Requirements.** A designated intestine transplant program must have a primary surgeon who meets all of the following requirements:
  1. M.D., D.O., or equivalent degree from another country, with a current license to practice medicine in the hospital’s state or jurisdiction;
  2. Accepted on the hospital medical staff, and be on site at the transplant hospital;
  3. Documentation from the hospital credentialing committee verifying state licensure, board certification, training, and transplant continuing medical education;
  4. Currently a member in good standing of the hospital medical staff;
  5. Current certification by the American Board of Surgery, the American Board of Osteopathic Surgery, or the foreign equivalent; and
  6. Must have completed at least one of the training or experience pathways described in Table 1.
Table 1 Primary Surgeon Training or Experience Pathways for Transplant Program Approval

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Full Approval Pathway</th>
<th>Conditional Approval Pathway</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>▪ Performed 7 or more intestine transplants to include isolated bowel and composite</td>
<td>▪ Performed at least 4 Intestine transplants and then performs 3 or more intestine</td>
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<tr>
<td>grafts, as primary surgeon or first assistant in the previous 10 years.</td>
<td>transplants to include isolated bowel and composite grafts, over the next 3 consecutive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>▪ Performed 3 or more intestine procurements with 1 or more liver-inclusive recovery.</td>
<td>years.</td>
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<tr>
<td>▪ Direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years.</td>
<td>▪ Direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years.</td>
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<tr>
<td>▪ Formal mentor/proctor relationship with a primary intestine transplant surgeon at</td>
<td>▪ Formal mentor/proctor relationship with a primary intestine transplant surgeon at another approved intestine transplant program.</td>
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<td>another approved intestine transplant program.</td>
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### Primary Physician Requirements

A designated intestine transplant program must have a primary physician who meets all of the following requirements:

1. An M.D., D.O., or the equivalent foreign degree, with a current license to practice medicine in the hospital’s state or jurisdiction.
2. Accepted onto the hospital’s medical staff and be on site at this hospital.
3. Documentation from the hospital credentialing committee verifying state license, board certification, training, and transplant continuing medical education.
4. Current board certification in gastroenterology by the American Board of Internal Medicine, the American Board of Pediatrics, or the foreign equivalent
5. Must have completed at least one of the training or experience pathways described in Table 2.
Table 2 Primary Physician Training or Experience Pathways for Transplant Program Approval

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Full Approval Pathway</th>
<th>Conditional Approval Pathway</th>
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<tr>
<td>• Direct involvement in the primary care of 7 or more newly transplanted intestine recipients, followed for a minimum of 3 months from the time of transplant in the last 10 years</td>
<td>• Directly involved in the primary care of at least 4 newly transplanted intestine recipients and continued to follow these recipients for a minimum of 3 months from the time of transplant. Additionally, the physician must become involved in the care of 3 or more intestine transplant patients over the next 3 consecutive years</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years</td>
<td>• Direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care during the last 5 years;</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Observed 1 or more isolated intestine transplant and 1 or more combined liver-intestine or multivisceral</td>
<td>• 12 months experience on an active intestine transplant service as the primary intestine transplant physician or under the direct supervision of a qualified intestine transplant physician within a 24-month period</td>
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<td></td>
<td>• Formal mentor/proctor relationship with a primary intestine transplant physician at another approved intestine transplant program.</td>
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• Provision for Combined Adult and Pediatric Programs. Any physician who meets the criteria as a primary intestine transplant physician can function as the primary intestine transplant physician for a program that serves predominantly pediatric patients, if a pediatric gastroenterologist is also involved in the care of the transplant recipients.

Expected Impact on Living Donors or Living Donation

Instances of living intestine transplantation are rare but have occurred. This proposal limits the membership and personnel requirements to only instances of deceased donor intestine transplantation. Specific requirements for a living intestine donor program component may developed at a later date should these occurrences become more frequent.

Expected Impact on Specific Patient Populations

This proposal will impact all intestine transplant candidates. There were 158 new intestine waiting list candidates and 106 transplants performed in 2012.

Expected Impact on OPTN Strategic Plan, and Adherence to OPTN Final Rule

This proposal is intended to promote transplant patient safety by establishing minimum criteria where none currently exist.
Plan for Evaluating the Proposal

The submission of applications and the successful designation and approval of intestinal transplant programs at member transplant hospitals will be the basis for evaluating this proposal. The proposal will be considered a success if existing active programs demonstrate that they meet the requirements.

Additional Data Collection

All transplant hospitals seeking designation as an approved intestine transplant program will be required to submit a new membership application. This proposal does not require any changes to current data collection for candidates or recipients.

Expected Implementation Plan

These proposed Bylaws will be implemented pending approval of the new membership application for intestinal transplant programs by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), programming and notice to members.

All transplant hospitals with intestine programs with a current status of “Active, Approval Not Required” will receive an OPTN intestine transplant program application, along with a deadline for submission of the application. The application will be structured similarly to other current transplant program application forms. Transplant hospitals that receive this packet will be asked to complete all requisite information to apply for an intestine transplant program and submit the application within 120 days. Transplant hospitals that receive this application but do not intend to apply for an intestine transplant program will be asked to document this in writing and submit that documentation to UNOS. Transplant hospitals that do not receive an application but wish to apply for an intestine transplant program should contact the UNOS Membership Analyst for their region to obtain an application and the necessary instructions once the application period is announced.

Upon implementation of these proposed Bylaws, any transplant hospital without an approved intestine transplant program that has intestine or liver-intestine candidates on its waiting list must follow the patient notice and transition plan requirements described in OPTN Bylaws Appendix K (Transplant Program Inactivity, Withdrawal, and Termination).

Communication and Education Plan

Notification of the Bylaw revision would be included in the following routine communication vehicles:

- Policy notice
- System notice
- UNOS Update article
- Member Communications archive article
- Presentation at Regional meetings

Compliance Monitoring

The MPSC will review the initial intestine transplant program applications to determine compliance with these proposed Bylaws. Upon implementation, the OPTN Contractor will facilitate the key personnel change process and the MPSC will review key personnel change applications to ensure ongoing compliance with the Bylaws when changes to a transplant program’s primary surgeon or primary physician occur.

Also upon implementation, the OPTN Contractor will monitor any transplant hospital that does not have an approved intestine transplant program but has intestine or liver-intestine transplant candidates on its waiting list to verify that the program is complying with patient notification and
transition plan requirements specified in OPTN Bylaws Appendix K. Monitoring of the transition plans will include:

- Reviewing the written notice sent to intestine and liver-intestine candidates and potential intestine and liver-intestine candidates
- Reviewing routine reports documenting the program’s progress in transferring intestine and liver-intestine candidates and potential intestine and liver-intestine candidates to transplant programs approved to perform intestine transplants

The OPTN Contractor will refer a transplant hospital to the MPSC for further review of its transition plan if the program fails to:

- Notify its intestine and liver-intestine candidates and potential intestine and liver-intestine candidates in the time and manner required
- Submit required information to the OPTN Contractor in the time and manner required

The following new site survey monitoring of intestine transplant programs will occur upon implementation of these proposed Bylaws:

Policy 7.1 Status Assignments

At transplant hospitals, site surveyors will review a sample of medical records, and any material incorporated into the medical record by reference, for documentation that data reported through UNetSM is consistent with source documentation, including:

- Any of the following information reported on the Status 1 Justification Form:
  - Diagnosis
  - Presence/absence of vascular access
  - Liver function test values and collection dates
  - Narrative content

Policy or Bylaw Proposal

Proposed new language is underlined (example) and language that is proposed for removal is struck through (example).

Appendix G: Membership and Personnel Requirements for Intestine Transplant Programs

This appendix describes the information and documentation transplant hospitals must provide when:

- Submitting a completed membership application to apply for approval as a designated intestine transplant program.
- Completing a Personnel Change Application for a change in key personnel at a designated intestine transplant program.

All intestine transplant programs must also meet general membership requirements, which are described in Appendix D: Membership Requirements for Transplant Hospitals and Transplant Programs of these Bylaws.

For more information on the application and review process, see Appendix A: Membership Application and Review of these Bylaws.
G.1 Intestine Program Director, Primary Intestine Transplant Surgeon, and Primary Intestine Transplant Physician

An intestine transplant program must identify at least one designated staff member to act as the transplant program director. The director must be a surgeon or physician who is a member of the transplant hospital staff.

The program must also identify a qualified primary transplant surgeon and primary transplant physician, as described below. The primary surgeon and primary physician, along with the program director, must submit a detailed Program Coverage Plan to the OPTN Contractor. For detailed information about the Program Coverage Plan, see Appendix D, Section D.5.B: Surgeon and Physician Coverage of these Bylaws.

G.2 Primary Intestine Transplant Surgeon Requirements

A designated intestine transplant program must have a primary surgeon who meets all of the following requirements:

1. The surgeon must have an M.D., D.O., or equivalent degree from another country, with a current license to practice medicine in the hospital’s state or jurisdiction.
2. The surgeon must be accepted onto the hospital’s medical staff, and be on site at this hospital.
3. The surgeon must have documentation from the hospital credentialing committee that it has verified the surgeon’s state license, board certification, training, and transplant continuing medical education, and that the surgeon is currently a member in good standing on the hospital’s medical staff.
4. The surgeon must have current certification by the American Board of Surgery, the American Board of Osteopathic Surgery, or the foreign equivalent.

In addition, the primary transplant surgeon must have completed at least one of the training or experience pathways listed below:

- The primary intestine transplant surgeon full approval pathway, as described in Section G.2.A below.
- The primary intestine transplant surgeon conditional pathway, as described in Section G.2.B below.

A. Full Surgeon Approval Pathway

Surgeons can be fully approved as a primary intestine transplant surgeon by completing a formal transplant fellowship or by completing clinical experience at an intestine transplant program if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The surgeon performed 7 or more intestine transplants to include the isolated bowel and composite grafts, as primary surgeon or first assistant within the last 10 years. These transplants must be documented in a log that includes the date of transplant, the role of the surgeon in the procedure, and the medical record number or other unique identifier that can be verified by the OPTN Contractor. This log must be signed by the program director, division chief, or department chair from the program where the experience or training was gained.
2. The surgeon performed 3 or more intestine procurements as primary surgeon or first assistant. These procurements must include selection and evaluation of the donor. These procedures must be documented in a log that includes the date of procurement, location of the donor, and Donor ID. This log must be signed by the program director, division chief, or department chair from the program where the experience or training was gained.
3. The surgeon has maintained a current working knowledge of intestine transplantation, defined as direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years. This includes the management of patients with short bowel syndrome or intestinal failure, the selection of appropriate recipients for transplantation, donor selection, histocompatibility and
tissue typing, performing the transplant operation, immediate postoperative and continuing inpatient care, the use of immunosuppressive therapy including side effects of the drugs and complications of immunosuppression, differential diagnosis of intestine allograft dysfunction, histologic interpretation of allograft biopsies, interpretation of ancillary tests for intestine dysfunction, and long term outpatient care.

4. The training was completed at a hospital with a transplant training program approved by the American Society of Transplant Surgeons (ASTS) or accepted by the OPTN Contractor as described in Section G.5 Approved Intestine Transplant Surgeon Fellowship Training Programs that follows. Foreign training programs must be accepted as equivalent by the Membership and Professional Standards Committee (MPSC).

5. The following letters are submitted to the OPTN Contractor:
   a. A letter from the qualified intestine transplant physician and surgeon who have been directly involved with the surgeon documenting the surgeon’s experience and competence.
   b. A letter of recommendation from the primary surgeon and transplant program director at the fellowship training program or transplant program last served by the surgeon outlining the surgeon’s overall qualifications to act as a primary transplant surgeon, as well as the surgeon’s personal integrity, honesty, and familiarity with and experience in adhering to OPTN obligations, and any other matters judged appropriate. The MPSC may request additional recommendation letters from the primary surgeon, primary physician surgeon, director, or others affiliated with any transplant program previously served by the physician, at its discretion.
   c. A letter from the surgeon that details the training and experience the surgeon gained in intestine transplantation.

B. Conditional Surgeon Approval Pathway

Surgeons can meet the requirements for conditional approval as primary intestine transplant surgeon through experience gained during or post-fellowship, if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The surgeon has performed at least 4 intestine transplants that include the isolated bowel and composite grafts and must perform 3 or more intestine transplants over the next 3 consecutive years as primary surgeon or first assistant at a designated intestine transplant program, or its foreign equivalent. These transplants must be documented in a log that includes the date of transplant, the role of the surgeon in the procedure, and medical record number or other unique identifier that can be verified by the OPTN Contractor. This log must be signed by the program director, division chief, or department chair from the program where the experience or training was gained. Each year of the surgeon’s experience must be substantive and relevant and include pre-operative assessment of intestine transplant candidates, transplants performed as primary surgeon or first assistant and post-operative management of intestine recipients.

2. The surgeon has performed at least 3 intestine procurements as primary surgeon or first assistant. These procurements must include at least 1 procurement of a graft that includes a liver, and selection and evaluation of the donor. This procedure must be documented in a log that includes the date of procurement, location of the donor, and Donor ID.

3. The surgeon has maintained a current working knowledge of intestine transplantation, defined as direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years. This includes the management of patients with short bowel syndrome or intestinal failure, the selection of appropriate recipients for transplantation, donor selection, histocompatibility and tissue typing, performing the transplant operation, immediate postoperative and continuing inpatient care, the use of immunosuppressive therapy including side effects of the drugs and complications of immunosuppression, differential diagnosis of intestine dysfunction in the allograft recipient, histologic interpretation of allograft biopsies, interpretation of ancillary tests for intestine dysfunction, and long term outpatient care.
4. The surgeon develops a formal mentor relationship with a primary intestine transplant surgeon at another approved intestine transplant program. The mentor will discuss program requirements, patient and donor selection, recipient management, and be available for consultation as required until full approval conditions are all met.

5. The following letters are sent to the OPTN Contractor:
   a. A letter from the director of the transplant program and chair of the department or hospital credentialing committee verifying that the surgeon has met the above requirements and is qualified to direct an intestine transplant program.
   b. A letter of recommendation from the primary surgeon and transplant program director at the transplant program last served by the surgeon, outlining the surgeon’s overall qualifications to act as primary transplant surgeon, as well as the surgeon’s personal integrity, honesty, familiarity with and experience in adhering to OPTN obligations, and other matters judged appropriate. The MPSC may request additional recommendation letters from the primary surgeon, primary physician, director, or others affiliated with any transplant program previously served by the surgeon, at its discretion.
   c. A letter from the surgeon that details the training and experience the surgeon gained in intestine transplantation as well as detailing the plan for obtaining full approval within the 3-year conditional approval period.
   d. A letter of commitment from the surgeon’s mentor supporting the detailed plan developed by the surgeon to obtain full approval.

G.3 Primary Intestine Transplant Physician Requirements

A designated intestine transplant program must have a primary physician who meets all the following requirements:

1. The physician must have an M.D., D.O., or the equivalent degree from another country, with a current license to practice medicine in the hospital’s state or jurisdiction.
2. The physician must be accepted onto the hospital’s medical staff, and be on site at this hospital.
3. The physician must have documentation from the hospital credentialing committee that it has verified the physician’s state license, board certification, training, and transplant continuing medical education, and that the physician is currently a member in good standing on the hospital’s medical staff.
4. The physician must have current board certification in gastroenterology by the American Board of Internal Medicine, the American Board of Pediatrics, or the foreign equivalent.

In addition, the primary physician must have completed at least one of the training or experience pathways listed below:

- The primary intestine transplant physician full approval pathway, as described in Section G.3.A below.
- The primary intestine transplant physician conditional pathway, as described in Section G.3.B below.

Any physician who meets the criteria as a primary intestine transplant physician can function as the primary intestine transplant physician for a program that serves predominantly pediatric patients, if a pediatric gastroenterologist is also involved in the care of the transplant recipients.

A. Full Physician Approval Pathway

Physicians can meet the requirements for a primary intestine transplant physician during the physician’s adult gastroenterology fellowship, pediatric gastroenterology fellowship, or through acquired clinical experience (including accumulated training during any fellowships) if all of the following conditions are met:
1. The physician has been directly involved within the last 10 years in the primary care of 7 or more newly transplanted intestine recipients and continued to follow these recipients for a minimum of 3 months from the time of transplant. This clinical experience must be gained as the primary intestine transplant physician or under the direct supervision of a intestine transplant physician and in conjunction with an intestine transplant surgeon at a designated intestine transplant program. This care must be documented in a log that includes the date of transplant and the medical record number or other unique identifier that can be verified by the OPTN Contractor. This log must be signed by the program director, division chief, or department chair from the program where the experience or training was gained.

2. The physician has maintained a current working knowledge of intestine transplantation, defined as direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years. This includes the management of patients with intestinal failure, the selection of appropriate recipients for transplantation, donor selection, histocompatibility and tissue typing, immediate post-operative patient care, the use of immunosuppressive therapy including side effects of the drugs and complications of immunosuppression, differential diagnosis of intestine allograft dysfunction, histologic interpretation of allograft biopsies, interpretation of ancillary tests for intestine dysfunction, and long term outpatient care.

3. The physician must have observed at least 1 isolated intestine transplant and at least 1 combined liver-intestine or multi-visceral transplant.

4. The following letters are submitted to the OPTN Contractor:
   a. A letter from the transplant program director documenting the physician's experience and training.
   b. A letter of recommendation from the primary physician and transplant program director at the fellowship training program or transplant program last served by the physician outlining the physician's overall qualifications to act as a primary transplant physician, as well as the physician's personal integrity, honesty, and familiarity with and experience in adhering to OPTN obligations, and any other matters judged appropriate. The MPSC may request additional recommendation letters from the primary physician, primary surgeon, director, or others affiliated with any transplant program previously served by the physician, at its discretion.
   c. A letter from the physician that details the training and experience the physician gained in intestine transplantation.

B. Conditional Physician Approval Pathway

Physicians can meet the requirements for approval as primary intestine transplant physician through a conditional approval pathway if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The physician has current board certification in gastroenterology by the American Board of Internal Medicine, the American Board of Pediatrics, or the foreign equivalent.

2. The physician has been involved in the primary care of at least 4 newly transplanted intestine recipients, and has followed these patients for at least 3 months from the time of their transplant. Additionally, the physician must become involved in the care of 3 or more intestine recipients over the next 3 consecutive years. This care must be documented in a recipient log that includes the date of transplant and the medical record number or other unique identifier that can be verified by the OPTN Contractor. This log must be signed by the program director, division chief, or department chair from the program where the experience or training was gained.

3. The physician has maintained a current working knowledge of intestine transplantation, defined as direct involvement in intestine transplant patient care within the last 5 years. This includes the management of patients with intestine failure, the selection of appropriate recipients for transplantation, donor selection, histocompatibility and tissue typing, immediate post-operative patient care, the use of immunosuppressive therapy including side effects of the drugs and complications of immunosuppression, differential diagnosis of intestine
allograft dysfunction, histologic interpretation of allograft biopsies, interpretation of ancillary
tests for intestine dysfunction, and long term outpatient care.

4. The physician has 12 months experience as the primary intestine transplant physician or
under the direct supervision of a qualified intestine transplant physician along with an
intestine transplant surgeon at a designated intestine transplant program, or the foreign
equivalent. These 12 months of experience must be acquired within a 2-year period.

5. The physician develops a formal mentor relationship with a primary intestine transplant
physician at another approved designated intestine transplant program. The mentor will
discuss program requirements, patient and donor selection, recipient management, and be
available for consultation as required.

6. The following letters are submitted to the OPTN Contractor:
   a. A letter from the qualified intestine transplant physician and surgeon who were directly
      involved with the physician verifying that the physician has satisfactorily met the above
      requirements to become the primary transplant physician of an intestine transplant
      program.
   b. A letter of recommendation from the primary physician and transplant program director at
      the transplant program last served by the physician outlining the physician’s overall
      qualifications to act as a primary transplant physician, as well as the physician’s personal
      integrity, honesty, and familiarity with and experience in adhering to OPTN obligations,
      and any other matters judged appropriate. The MPSC may request additional
      recommendation letters from the primary physician, primary surgeon, director, or others
      affiliated with any transplant program previously served by the physician, at its discretion.
   c. A letter from the physician that details the training and experience the physician gained in
      intestine transplantation as well as a detailed plan for obtaining full approval.
   d. A letter of commitment from the physician’s mentor supporting the detailed plan
      developed by the physician to obtain full approval.

G.4 Conditional Intestine Program Approval

Either the primary surgeon or primary physician must qualify through one of the full approval pathways
described above in sections G.2.A or G.3.A for the program to be eligible for conditional approval status.
If either the primary surgeon or primary physician qualify through one of the conditional pathways
described above in sections G.2.B or G.3.B, the program must meet the requirements as described below
to obtain full approval:

- The transplant program is granted 36 months to fully comply with all membership requirements. This
  option is available to new programs as well as previously approved programs that experience a
  change in key personnel.
- The program must comply with all policies and procedures as required by the MPSC. This includes
  submitting reports describing the surgeon or physician’s progress towards meeting the requirements,
  and any other conditions as requested by the MPSC to demonstrate ongoing quality and efficient
  patient care.
- During this 36-month period of conditional approval, the surgeon must be present at all intestine
  transplant surgeries.
- During this 36-month period, the physician must be directly involved in the primary care of all intestine
  patients, including new recipients.

Prior to the end of each year of conditional approval, the program must provide an annual report
documenting at least one of the following:

- The designated surgeon has met or is making sufficient progress toward performing 3 or more
  intestine transplants
- The designated physician has met or is making sufficient progress toward the direct involvement in
  the primary care of 3 or more intestine transplant patients
The program is making sufficient progress in employing a transplant surgeon or physician who meets this, as well as all other criteria, for a primary intestinal transplant surgeon or physician.

Should the surgeon or physician meet the requirements before the conditional approval period ends, the program may submit a progress report and request a review by the MPSC.

A. Full Approval Following Conditional Approval

The conditional approval period begins on the first approval date granted to the application, whether it is interim approval granted by the MPSC subcommittee, the MPSC or approval granted by the full Board of Directors. The conditional approval period ends 36 months after the first approval date of the application.

The MPSC may consider on a case-by-case basis granting a 12-month extension to a transplant program that provides substantial evidence of progress toward fulfilling the requirements, but is unable to complete the requirements within the 36-month approval period.

Once the program has met the full approval requirements for both primary surgeon and primary physician, the program may petition the OPTN Contactor in writing for full approval.

B. Rejection of Conditional Approval

If the program is unable to demonstrate that it has a designated surgeon and physician on site who can fully meet the primary surgeon and primary physician requirements as described above at the end of the 36-month conditional approval period, it must stop performing intestine transplants and either:

- Inactivate the intestine transplant program for a period up to 12 months
- Withdraw the intestine transplant program until it can meet the requirements for full approval

The requirements for program inactivation and withdrawal are described in Appendix K: Transplant Program Inactivity, Withdrawal, and Termination of these Bylaws.

G.5 Approved Intestine Surgeon Transplant Fellowship Program

Surgeons qualifying as primary transplant surgeon through a formal transplant fellowship must complete their training at a fellowship program approved by the MPSC. Any program approved by the Fellowship Training Committee of the American Society of Transplant Surgeons is automatically accepted by the MPSC, as well as any program that meets all of the following criteria:

1. The program is at a hospital that transplants one or more organs, including intestines.
2. The program is at an institution that has a proven commitment to graduate medical education.
3. The program director is a board-certified surgeon who meets the OPTN Contractor requirements for primary intestine transplant surgeon.
4. The program is at a hospital that is affiliated with a histocompatibility laboratory that meets the OPTN Contractor requirements for histocompatibility laboratories.
5. The program is at a hospital that is affiliated with an organ procurement organization (OPO) that meets the OPTN Contractor requirements for OPOs.
6. The program performs at least 10 intestine transplants each year.
7. The program has the resources, including adequate clinical facilities, laboratory research facilities, and appropriately trained faculty and staff, to provide research experience.